

**Observatories and Research Facilities for European Seismology** 

### ORFEUS

#### making seismic waveform data available

from 1987 to EIDA

#### from a centralized data center to a federated data archive

history and present status

Madrid, 8 March 2018



# Some history of International and European Coordination of Seismology: FDSN and ORFEUS

- IDA (International Deployment of Accelerometers) began in 1975 to create a global network of long period seismometers of an advanced design and based on the La Coste gravimeter.
- GEOSCOPE (France; 1981) global 3-component network of broad-band stations (STS-1)
- IRIS established (1984; US); Incorporated Research Institutions for Seismology; establishment of GSN and PASSCAL
- 1984: BB network deployments in Canada and China
- 1984: proposal by the EGS (European Geophysical Society) working group on global seismic networks for establishing a 'European Copying Center for broad-band data' => ORFEUS

# Some history of International and European Coordination of Seismology: FDSN and ORFEUS

- 1986: founding meeting of the FDSN (Federation of Digital Seismograph Networks)
- I. Goals

In view of the above, and to take advantage of existing developing global and regional networks the "Federation of Digital Broad-Band Seismograph Networks (FDSN)" is formed to provide a forum for :

- developing common minimum standards in seismographs (e.g. bandwidth) and recording characteristics (e.g. resolution and dynamic range);
- developing standards for quality control and procedures for archiving and exchange of data among component networks;
- coordinating the siting of additional stations in locations that will provide optimum global coverage.

#### **1987 - ORFEUS Foundation into existence**



NL-3730 AE De Bilt

Subject: European Copying Center for broad-band seismic data

EIDGENÖSSISCHE TECHNIS

ZÚRICH

Institut für Geophysik

Erhard Wielandt

Telex 58 181 etheb ch

Durchwahl-Nr. 01/377 2623

- 1 - the cheb ch

Telefonzentrale 01 / 377 44 11

HPP-Gebäude

Postadresse: Institut für Geophysik

ETH-Hönggerberg

CH-8093 Zürich

1 Sugar

Dear Hem :

February 5, 1985

The EGS working group on global seismic networks has proposed, at its meeting in Paris on November 30, to install a European Copying Center for broad-band data. It may seem that there is no immediate need for such a center. However the need will arise



Riemers & Schuttevaer

NOTARISSEN TE UTRECHT

AFSCHRIFT

Stichting Orfe

OPRICHTING STICHTING

Statutes of the Foundation

propean countries plan to set up digital broadons. We have to start thinking now about ese data. The proposed center could become callization for a network of independent but pean broad-band stations, and could thus he between national and global networks.

s writing is to collect ideas and wishes the a center. Enclosed is a draft of my own , incomplete, and possibly unrealistic in the welcome your comments to that draft. If ave your response by end of February. I will tial host organizations and try to explore equences. The topic will then be discussed

ext meeting in Strasbourg,

Sincerely,

Erhard

#### ORFEUS SCIENCE PLAN

1986

editors Guust Nolet (Utrecht University) Barbara Romanovicz (IPG, Paris) Rainer Kind (Graefenberg Observatory) Erhard Wielandt (ETH, Zurich)

Acknowledgement The following scientists took part in discussions of the ORFEUS working group, or directly contributed text, figures and ideas that make up the substance of this science plan: M.Barbano, H.Berckhemer, M.Bezzeghoud, C.Browitt, W.Bruestle, T.Camelbeeck, M.Cara, C.Chapman, A.Christoffersson, R.Console, A.Correig, M.DeBecker, A.Deschamps, D.Doornbos, B.Dost, S.Faber, J.Gallart, H.Haak, H.Harjes, J.Hjelme, E.Husebye, N.Jobert, R.Kind, H.Korhonen, O.Kulhanek, J.Leveque, R.Madariaga, L.Mendes-Victor, G.Mueller, St.Mueller, G.Nolet, G.Panza, H.Paulssen, B.Ronnanowicz, G.Roult, D.Seidl, R.Snieder, A.Souriau, W.Spakman, P.Suhadolc, A.Ulug, E.Wielandt, R.Wortel, G.Zonno, W.Zuern.



Romanowicz, B. and A.M. Dziewonski (1987). *Global digital seismographic network: research opportunities and recent initiatives*, in Composition, Structure and Dynamics of the Lithosphere-asthenosphere system, C. Fuchs , C. Froidevaux Eds., A.G.U., Public., Geodynamics series, VOI. 16, 99-110

#### GLOBAL DIGITAL SEISMOGRAPHIC NETWORK: RESEARCH OPPORTUNITIES AND RECENT INITIATIVES

Barbara A. Romanowicz

Institut de Physique du Globe, 75230 Paris Cedex 05 France

Adam M. Dziewonski

Department of Earth and Planetary Sciences, Harvard University, Cambridge, MA 02138

#### tion of these networks.

It is, perhaps, the developments in Europe that potentially may point the way for the future organizational structure of the global seismographic network. In the summer of 1984 the European Geophysical Society created a Working Group for the Global Seismographic Network. Representatives of nine west European countries were present at the initial meeting and 13 countries participated in the subsequent one. It led to the formation of a multi-national consortium under the name of Observatories and Research Facilities for European Seismology (ORFEUS). ORFEUS published its Science Plan in 1986. It is hoped that its activities would be supported by the European Science Foundation through contributions from individual countries. The consortium would sponsor new efforts on the regional (European) as well as global scales. It is planned that a European Seismic Data Center would be developed for the management of the collection and distribution of the data.

Report prepared for Workshop on Downhole Seismometers in the Deep Ocean at Woods Hole Oceanographic Institution, April 26-28, 1988



M.J. Berry





#### **Evolution of European Seismological Data Management, Exchange and Services**

•	80's – early 90's: - off-line data collection by ODC (tapes: e.g. GRSN, BN, NARS, G) - event data only; visual quality check - data distribution: CD-ROM	'Loose sand'
•	Mid 90's: - ftp, CD-ROM - AutoDRM (uncoordinated growth & decline of 'nodes')	
•	Late 90's: - towards continuous data - increased number of networks/stations	'Brick building'
•	Early 00's: - start of the real-time data exchange protocols (e.g. SeedLink, Antelope, SCREAM)	
•	Mid/Late 00's: - Website services (e.g. Spyder, Wilber)	
•	Today: - Distributed & federated archive and standardized services (EIDA)	<b>'Solid fundament'</b> 7

Huge increase in number of stations and amount of data:

- Supported by European projects on infrastructure developments
- Requires European coordination on data management / technical challenges



#### Infrastructure developments in Europe since 2000 (ORFEUS)

**ORFEUS** NGO (since 1987) www.orfeus-eu.org Observatories and Research Facilities for European Seismology **MEREDIAN** EC-project FP5 (2000 – 2005) Mediterranean-European Rapid Earthquake Data Info- & Archiving Network **NERIES** EC-Research Infrastructure (I3) Project FP6 (2006 - 2010) Network of European Research Infrastructures for Earthquake Seismology NERA EC-Research Infrastructure (I3) Project FP7 (2010 – 2014) Network of Europ. Research Infrastructures for Earthquake Risk Assessment and Mitigation  $\rightarrow$  commencement of European Integrated Data Archive (EIDA) in 2013 **EPOS P**reparatory **P**hase Project (2010 – 2014) Preparing the governance, legal, financial structure and technical concept of EPOS **EPOS** Implementation Phase Project (2015 – 2018) Implementation of a realistic roadmap toward EPOS construction (TCS, ICS, EPOS-ERIC) SERA INFRAIA-01-2016-2017 (2017 – 2020) Seismology and Earthquake Engineering Research Infrastructure Alliance for Europe **EPOS** operational Phase (2019 - ...)



#### Integrated access to European seismological data: challenges

#### **Technical challenges**

- Data Gathering (inhomogeneous data; connecting)
- Quality Control (metadata, time, ...)
- Archival (multiple data centres; data identifications: DOI, PID)
- Access and exchange (standardized, DB  $\rightarrow$  service speed)
- Multidisciplinary data integration (standards)
- Analysis and Interpretation tools (data products + meta data + workflows)
- Handling large data sets (analysis, workflows, transfers, ...)

#### Non technical challenges:

- What more waveform data do we archive (SP, SM, OBS, synthetics, ...)
- Geography / distributed observations (> 100 observatories)
- Financial (different national priorities and budgets)
- Political boundaries and constraints





#### **EIDA** - The European Integrated Data Archive

EIDA is the European Integrated Data Archive infrastructure within ORFEUS to provide access to seismic waveforms in European archives.

Currently 11 archives are distributing their own data (self operated networks) as well as data on behalf of other network operators in standard formats.

**EIDA data holdings:** 

- 8000+ stations
- 99 permanent networks
- 97 temporary deployments
- 400 TB federated in 11 nodes



EIDA an initiative within ORFEUS is a distributed federation of datacenters estabilished to securely archive seismic waveform data and metadata gathered by European research infrastructures, and provide transparent access to data for the geosciences research communites. EIDA's organization and management is handled by the EIDA Management Board. The EIDA nodes are data centres that collect and archive data from seismic networks deploying broad-band sensors, short period sensors, accelerometers, infrasound sensors, and other geophysical instruments.



- Operation of EIDA nodes rely on national/institutional funding
- Some European funding available for software developments (e.g. projects; small number of nodes)















**Observatories and Research Facilities for European Seismology** 







#### **EIDA** - The European Integrated Data Archive

#### **EIDA Management Board (EMB) and Technical Commision (ETC)**

#### LEIDA Management Board

#### **Board Members**

- · Helle Pedersen, RESIF (Chair)
- John Clinton, ETHZ
- Angelo Strollo, GFZ
- Klaus Stammler, BGR
- Peter Danecek, INGV
- Ali Pinar, KOERI
- · Constantin Ionescu, NIEP
- · Reinoud Sleeman, ODC KNMI
- · Christos Evangelidis, NOA

LEIDA Technical Commission

#### **Commission Members**

- · Javier Quinteros, GFZ (Chair)
- · Luca Trani, Mathijs Koymans, ODC KNMI
- · Andres Heinloo, Peter Evans, GFZ
- Matthias Hoffmann, Erich Odon Muhire, BGR
- · Daniel Armbruster, Stefan Heimers, Philippe Kaestli, Carlo Cauzzi, ETHZ
- · Valentino Lauciani, Andrea Bono, Massimo Fares, INGV
- · Costanza Pardo, IPGP
- · Mustafa Comoglu, KOERI
- · Cristian Neagoe, Lucian Palangeanu, NIEP
- · Gregory Arneodo, RESIF
- Nikos Triantafyllis, Kostas Boukouras, NOA

#### How to become an EIDA node: www.orfeus-eu.org/data/eida/guidelines/

















#### **Observatories and Research Facilities for European Seismology**

#### EIDA virtual network (2018)



Green Open stations

Orange

Restricted Stations

Total: 8089 In operation: 3365 Stopped: 4724



# Orfeus

#### **Observatories and Research Facilities for European Seismology**

#### **EIDA nodes**







**Observatories and Research Facilities for European Seismology** 

#### **Station distribution by EIDA node**





ExeCom meeting 27 August 2014



#### Iberian seismic stations currently available through EIDA



#### Iberian seismic stations currently distributed by EIDA



#### ES: IGN network





# Why we stern Mediterranean Seis Protestern Mediterranean Protestern Mediterrane



#### FDSN networks:

ES: Spanish Digital Seismic Network (ODC) IG: Southern Spain Broadband Seismic Network (ODC) WM: Western Mediterranean Seismic Network (GFZ) CA: Catalan Seismic Network (ODC) PM: Portuguese National Seismic Network (GFZ) LX: University of Lisbon Seismic Network (ODC) IP: Instituto Superior Tecnico Broadband Seismic Network (ODC) IB: Topo Iberia seismic network (ODC)



Schematic overview of (raw) waveform and metadata services currently up and running.

- EIDA interactive portal
- web services
- Station Book

• EIDA stations map

Derived products and services via:

- RRSM
- ESM





#### **EIDA interactive portal**







#### **EIDA interactive portal**



**ORFEUS Annual Workshop & Open EPOS Seismology meeting** 





#### **EIDA interactive portal**

Explore events Explore stations Submit	Package 1508414723292
Explore events Explore stations Submit	download your requested data
Make Request	Event and Station Map Reroute Retr
	from different EIDA nodes
Time Window selection:	
Relative Mode Absolute Mode	Request ID: 16044073, Type: WAVEFORM, Encrypted: No, Args: format=MSEED Description: Package 1508414723292
Use time windows relative to events, by	Status: READY, Size: 0, Info:
phase and onset time.	Volume ID: INGV, Status: NODATA, Encrypted: No, Size: 0, Info:
Start (minutes before)	[+] 12 lines in this volume
P/Pdiff V - 2	RESIF Data center
End (minutes after)	Request ID: 290240, Type: WAVEFORM, Encrypted: No. Args: format=MSEED
$P/Pdiff \rightarrow + 10$	Description: Package 1508414723292
	Jar a la l
	Volume ID: RESIF, Status: PROCESSING, Encrypted: No, Size: 0, Info: [+] 108 lines in this volume
Request Information:	Use left SHIFT + drag mouse to select regions. Volume ID: UNSET, Status: UNSET, Encrypted: No, Size: 0, Info: [+] 111 lines in this volume
ArcLink request type:	
Waveform (Mini-SEED)	Event and Station List GEOFON Data center
<ul> <li>Waveform (Full SEED)</li> <li>Metadata (Dataless SEED)</li> </ul>	Request: Freeze Delete Request ID: 111118707, Type: WAVEFORM, Encrypted: No, Args: format=MSEED Description: Package 1508414723292
O Metadata (Inventory XML)	Events (2 events) Status: PROCESSING, Size: 0, Info:
Use compression?	Volume ID: GFZ, Status: PROCESSING, Encrypted: No, Size: 0, Info:
○ Yes ● No	✓ 2017-08-17T05:44:55 4.2 mb 39.03
Authentication	2017-08-15T14:50:43         4.7         mb         35.65         Volume ID: UNSET, Status: UNSET, Encrypted: No, Size: 0, Info:
	Stations (104 stations)
Your e-mail address:	Network A Station A Lat A Long A O/R KNMI/ODC (Orfeus Data Center)
	Request ID: 459594, Type: WAVEFORM, Encrypted: No, Args: format=MSEED
Remember me?	Description:         Package 1508414723292           CA         CADI         42.34         1.84         O         Status:         READY         Size: 3323904         Jufo:
	CA CBRU 42.29 2.18 0 Download Volume
Reset	V         CA         COBS         40.71         1.36         O         Volume ID: ODC, Status: OK, Encrypted: No, Size: 3323904, Info:           V         CA         CSOR         42.38         1.12         O         [+] 111 lines in this volume

ORFEUS Annual Workshop & Open EPOS Seismology meeting

25-27 October, Lisbon, Portugal





#### **EIDA webservices**

fdsnws-dataselect	FDSN standardized webservice for mini-SEED waveform data.
fdsnws-station	FDSN standardized webservice for station metadata.
eidaws-routing	EIDA standardized webservice for routing between EIDA services.
eidaws-wfcatalog	EIDA standardized webservice for waveform metadata.

EIDA Node	FDSNWS-Dataselect	FDSNWS-Station	EIDAWS-Routing	EIDAWS-WFCatalog
ODC	all Online 1.1.0	al Online 1.1.0	II Online 1.1.1	III Online 1.0.0
GFZ	all Online 1.1.1	al Online 1.1.1	al Online 1.1.1	III Online 1.0.0
RESIF	all Online 1.1.0	II Online 1.1.0	🗲 In development	III Online 1.0.0
INGV	all Online 1.1.0	al Online 1.1.34.9	II Online 1.0.4	III Online 1.0.0
ETHZ	all Online 1.1.0	II Online 1.1.0	II Online 1.0.3	III Online 1.0.0
BGR	all Online 1.1.0	al Online 1.1.0	al Online 1.1.0	III Online 1.0.0
NIEP	all Online 1.1.0	al Online 1.1.0	🗲 In development	III Online 1.0.0
KOERI	all Online 1.1.0	al Online 1.1.0	II Online 1.0.2	X Offline
IPGP	all Online 1.1.0	II Online 1.1.0	II Online 1.0.3	🗲 In development
LMU	all Online 1.1.0	al Online 1.1.0	II Online 1.0.3	III Online 1.0.0
NOA	al Online 1.1.0	all Online 1.1.0	all Online 1.1.1	al Online 1.0.0

ORFEUS Annual Workshop & Open EPOS Seismology meeting

25-27 October, Lisbon, Portugal





#### EIDA webservices: example fdsnws-station

http://www.orfeus-eu.org/fdsnws/station/1/query?network=BE&level=station&format=text
File Edit View Favorites Tools Help
<pre>#Network Station Latitude Longitude Elevation SiteName StartTime EndTime</pre>
BE BEBN 50.797 5.6778 80.0 Eben-Emael, Belgium 2005-06-24T00:00:00
BE BOST 51.2382 2.9387 3.0 Oostende, Belgium 2010-02-19T00:00:00 2014-05-20T23:59:59
BE BOST 51.2382 2.9387 3.0 Oostende, Belgium 2014-05-21T00:00:00
BE MEM 50.6092 6.0067 250.0 MEMBACH, BELGIUM 2006-01-01T00:00:00
BE RCHB 50.156 5.228 191.0 ROCHEFORT, BELGIUM 2008-01-01T00:00:00 2015-11-18T11:59:59
BE RCHB 50.156 5.228 191.0 ROCHEFORT, BELGIUM 2015-11-18T12:00:00
BE UCC 50.79724 4.36038 100.0 Uccle, Brussels, Belgium 1998-04-01T00:00:00





#### **EIDA webservices** in development

eida federator		webservice to provide catalog of data and services at one EIDA node
eida mediator		webservice for advanced selection of data across EIDA based on user criteria
authentication service	I	webservice for managing user attributes (e.g. authentication)





#### **EIDA webservices – example clients**

http://www.orfeus-eu.org/data/odc/quality



#### Data Metrics

Graphical interface showing daily waveform metrics.



#### Waveform Viewer

Graphical interface showing for viewing waveform data.



#### Data Availability

Graphical interface showing daily data availability.



#### Instrument Response

Interface showing instrument response characteristics.

ORFEUS Annual Workshop & Open EPOS Seismology meeting

#### 25-27 October, Lisbon, Portugal





#### **EIDA webservices – example clients**

fdsnws\_fetch - distributed data request tool

- Uses FDSN web services and EIDA routing service
- Supports tokens released by EIDA Authentication Service.
- Client included in ObsPy (next release).
- Provides citation support for each data request (FDSN DOI).





#### **EIDA dissemination tool**







#### **European Station Book**

www.orfeus-eu.org/stationbook

All stations by time frame



### **Common network and station metadata:** collected automatically from EIDA. **Station and site characteristics:** added/edited by network operators.

ORFEUS Annual Workshop & Open EPOS Seismology meeting

25-27 October, Lisbon, Portugal





#### **Strong Motion Data Portals**

The Rapid Raw Strong Motion (RRSM) is an entirely automated system that uses open data from **EIDA**. It provides earthquake information and strong motion parameters including PGA and PGV within minutes of any event.

The Engineering Strong-Motion database (ESM) is a reviewed archive of accelerometric waveforms from events with magnitudes above 4.0 recorded in Europe and the middle-East since 1969. It provides unprocessed acceleration time-series, manually processed acceleration, velocity, and displacement waveforms, acceleration and displacement response spectra, and other relevant engineering parameters.



#### Rapid Raw Strong Motion RRSM

The RRSM portal exposes earthquake information, peak ground motion parameters, and response spectral amplitudes. Waveform data can be downloaded within minutes after an event exceeding magnitude 3.5 in the European-Mediterranean region.

Introducing the European Rapid Raw Strong-Motion Database. C. Cauzzi et. al., 2016, Seismol. Res. Lett. 87, 4, doi: 10.1785/0220150271

#### www.orfeus-eu.org/esm



#### **Engineering Strong Motion ESM**

ESM allows users to query earthquake and station information and download earthquake waveforms and response spectra for events with magnitudes above 4.0 recorded in the European-Mediterranean and the middle-East regions.

The Engineering Strong-Motion Database: A Platform to Access Pan-European Accelerometric Data. L. Luzi et. al., 2016, Seismol. Res. Lett. 87, 4, doi:: 10.1785/0220150278

#### ORFEUS Annual Workshop & Open EPOS Seismology meeting

- The EIDA Management Board, under the ORFEUS and EPOS-S coordination is working on updating formal agreements with NRIs to transparently link their national contributions to EPOS through the various ORFEUS/EIDA nodes.
- Preliminary EIDA Service monitoring is under development (@ ETHZ) to monitor performance of the EIDA overall system: <u>http://quake.ethz.ch/eidanodeperformance/</u>.
- Ongoing effort to obtain better statistics related to data usage (e.g. what data is exported when, and by what clients).



Observatories and Research Facilities for European Seismology

#### EIDA: Data acknowledgement (Network assigned DOI's)

The FDSN is currently introducing data acknowledgements through DOI's For each network. Example (see statement in the EIDA web pages:

Some of the data sets distributed by EIDA have **DOI's** (**Digital Object Identifier**) associated with their seismic network according to a standard procedure recently proposed to FDSN. Where this is the case, this will be shown on the **ORFEUS EIDA network list** page for that network. Please use the DOI indicated in your acknowledgments or citations as appropriate, if one is available.

Here the typical citation format recommended by FDSN: Creator (Year): Title. Publisher. ResourceType. DOIName

Example for the GE (GEOFON) seismic network: GEOFON Data Centre (1993): GEOFON Seismic Network. Deutsches GeoForschungsZentrum GFZ. Other/Seismic Network. doi:10.14470/TR560404.



Benefits of joining EIDA:

- Increased visibility (national level, European, Global)
- Increased usage of data
- Joint technical developments
- Distributed technical knowledge
- Up-to-date and homogenized usage of standardized services

- ...

## What data should an EIDA node offer?

All EIDA nodes must offer access to:

- Waveform data: through Dataselect and Arclink,
- Inventory: through Station-WS and Arclink,
- *Routing Information*: for the Routing Service(s)
   @ODC, GFZ, etc,
- *Quality metrics of the data*: through WFCatalog.

# Which services should an EIDA node run?

Mandatory services are:

- Arclink
- FDSN-WS
  - Dataselect
  - Station-WS
- WFCatalog
- Webreqlog (daily report for statistics)
- Extension to Dataselect for AAI ("auth" method)

# Which services should an EIDA node run?

Optional services are:

- Routing Service
- WebDC3 interface
- FDSN Event-WS
- WFCatalog frontend (availability and other metrics)

# **Technical requirements**

- High data quality for archives:
  - Waveforms (miniSEED format),
  - Inventory (any of StationXML, datalessSEED, InventoryXML).
- Service availability: 95% (minimum was 97% in 2013).
- Contact person for technical issues and maintenance.
- Reaction time for problems in less than 48 hs.
- At least one backup copy of all data.
- Infrastructure should be able to serve all EIDA inventory.

# Monitoring before integration

- Arclink server reachable for the machine monitoring it. Availability, up- and response time will be monitored for some weeks (ca. 4-6).
- Declare a list of networks from which the new node is the main responsible.
- Send a list of streams, already distributed by other node and how the routing table should look like (priority 1 or 2, etc.).
- Send a list of new streams.
- Waveform requests will be made regularly to measure the performance of the service (Arclink and WS).